

# Commitments, Capacities and Compliance: Expectations at Kunming

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# COUNTDOWN 2013 1

2002 – 2010 – Global Biodiversity : 8 Targets 21 sub-targets

## **SAVE BIODIVERSITY**

Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) – 2000 – 2015 – **sub-target 7 B** 





2011-2020 Global Biodiversity Targets (Aichi Biodiversity Targets) – 20 **Targets** 



2015 – 2030 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – 2 Goals





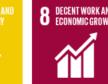
































#### **Formal Commitments**



XI Conference of Parties
CONVENTION ON BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY
HYDERABAD INDIA 2012

COP13-COPMOP8-COPMOP2 CANCUN, MEXICO 2016



#### UN BIODIVERSITY CONFERENCE

Investing in biodiversity for people and planet





## The Challenge?



"Let's talk about you and me, formerly known as 'us'."







4 Goals and 21 Targets



#### **Understanding Commitments**

#### **GOAL A**

The integrity of all ecosystems is enhanced, with an increase of at least 15 per cent in the area, connectivity and integrity of natural ecosystems, supporting healthy and resilient populations of all species, the rate of extinctions has been reduced at least tenfold, and the risk of species extinctions across all taxonomic and functional groups, is halved, and genetic diversity of wild and domesticated species is safeguarded, with at least 90 per cent of genetic diversity within all species maintained.

#### **GOAL B**

Nature's contributions to people are valued, maintained or enhanced through conservation and sustainable use supporting the global development agenda for the benefit of all



#### GOAL C

The benefits from the utilization of genetic resources are shared fairly and equitably, with a substantial increase in both monetary and non-monetary benefits shared, including for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity.

#### GOAL D

The gap between available financial and other means of implementation, and those necessary to achieve the 2050 Vision, is closed.



#### Measuring Commitments on GBF

#### **Enabling Conditions**

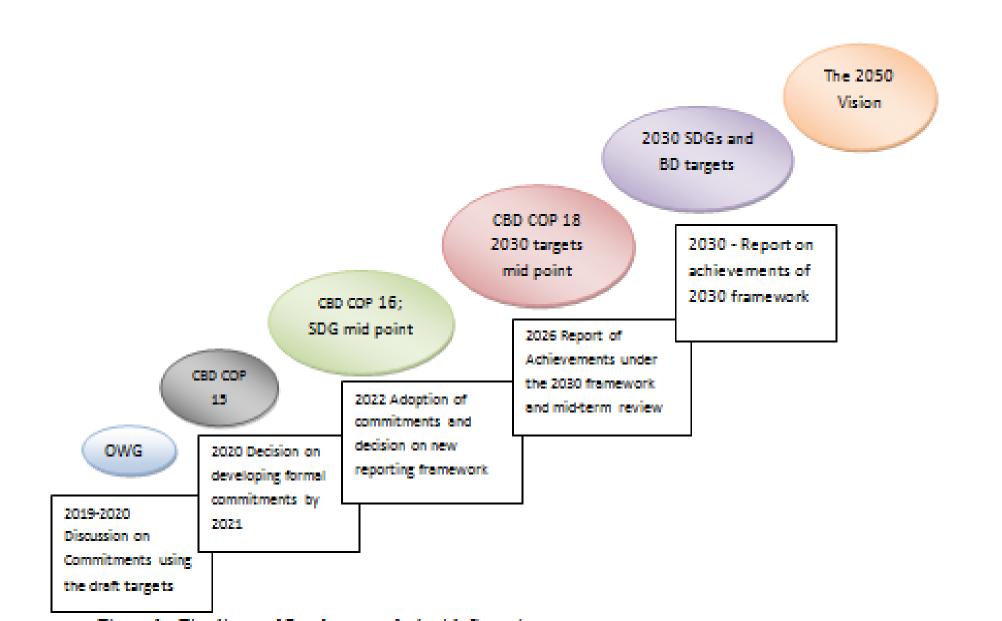
- The implementation of the global biodiversity framework requires integrative governance and whole-of-government approaches
- Require a participatory and inclusive whole-of-society approach

#### Responsibility & Transparency

• The development of additional and complimentary approaches is encouraged to allow other actors to contribute to the implementation of the framework and report on commitments and actions.



#### 'Ambition Mechanism'





# Capacities

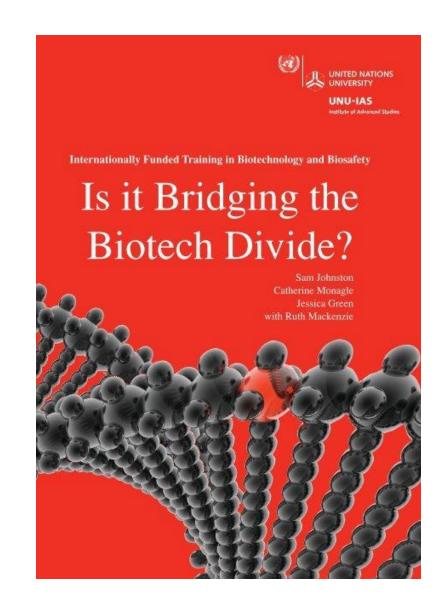


## Mapping Needs

2003 – 2007 GEF supported National Capacity Self Assessments (integrated focus on Rio Conventions)

Number of Capacity building strategies – Experiences varied

Long term capacity development strategy for GBF (2021-2030)





#### Where to focus?

Developing strategies and action plans

Designing implementation plans

Implementing the action plans

Compiling actions and impacts

Reporting and follow up

Thematic capacities

Cross-cutting capacities

Capacities for foresight



## Compliance





Strengthening the national biodiversity strategies and action plans:

revision and implementation

Assessment of post-2010 National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans







Law and National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans





## Compliance and GBF

- Negotiations on GBF, goals and targets
- Decision on enabling conditions, reporting and transparency

Will it be a "package deal"?

 Will the compliance be based on the nature of implementation plan, including finances?

## Making the difference!

Commitments

Capacities

Compliance